# **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES

SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS, MARCH 1996



19960411 032

CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE

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# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BUDGET ESTIMATE SUBMISSION FOR FY 1997 CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE

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#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE JUSTIFICATION OF FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATE SUBMISSION CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE

#### APPROPRIATION LANGUAGE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the destruction of the United States stockpile of lethal chemical agents and munitions in accordance with the provisions of section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521), and for the destruction of other chemical warfare materials that are not in the chemical weapon stockpile, \$799,847,000 of which \$477,947,000 shall be for Operation and Maintenance, \$273,600,000 shall be for Procurement to remain available until September 30, 1999, and \$48,300,000 shall be for Research, Development, Test and Evaluation to remain available until September 30, 1998.

	markors				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
		lan tion	amounts for programed)	PROCUREMENT		Obligations	
code 97-	0-1-051	1995 actual	1996 est.	1997 est.	1995 actual	1996 est.	1997 est.
##							
Direct program: no 0101 Chem Agents & Munitions Destru	ons Destruct-RDI&E	20,700	53,003	48,300	41,665	52,755	25,253
00.0201 Chem Agents & Munitions	ons Destruct-Proc	198,965	259,029	273,600	155,455	332,287	308,307
	ons Destruct-O&M	355,781	345,218	477,947	355,781	345,218	417,947
00.9101 Total direct program		575,446	657,250	799,847	552,901	730,260	811,507
01.0101 Reimbursable Program		451	550	225	450	551	225
		575,897	657,800	800,072	553,351	730,811	811,732
Financing: Offsetting collections from: 11.0001 Federal funds(-) 17.0001 Recovery of prior year oblig	from: obligations	-451	-550	-225	-451	-550	-225
g D	obligated balance available, start of year: For completion of prior year budget plans Reprograming from/to prior year budget plan	-5,105			-164,959	-193,073	-120,062
5 5	ailable, end of year: ior year budget plans piring	5,108			193,073 5,108	120,062	108,402
Budget authority		575,449	657,250	799,847	575,449	7	799,847
Budget authority: 40.0001 Appropriation 41.0001 Transferred to other accounts	r accounts (-)	575,449		799,847	575,449	667,250	799,847
43.0001 Appropriation (adjusted)	]usted)	575,449	657,250	799,847	575,449		799,847
	to outlays:				552,900	730,261	811,507
	art of year				363,310	511,795	747,942
74.1001 Orders on hand, EOY 74.4001 Obligated balance, end of year 77.0001 Adjustments in expired accounts (net) 78.0001 Adjustments in unexpired accounts	d of year (net)				-511,795 -6,385 -10,673	-747,942	-947,602
					387,798	493,663	611,847

Identiti	Identification code 9/-0390-0-1-051	1995 actual	1996 est.	199/ est.
1 .00	Direct obligations:			
171.001	Travel and transportation of persons	1,22,1	1, /58	7,064
122.001	Transportation of things	28	735	544
123.301	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	14	6,376	7,418
124.001	Printing and reproduction	29	<b>4</b> 0	42
125.201	Other services with the private sector	20,280	25,101	27,593
	Purchases goods/services (inter/intra) Fed accounts			
125.301	Purchase of goods/services from other Fed agencies	526,174	692,060	769,213
126.001	Supplies and materials	2,316	1,026	1,122
131.001	Equipment	2,839	3,164	3,511
				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
199.001	Total Direct obligations	552,901	730,260	811,507
-	Reimbursable obligations:			
225.201		25	20	25
225.301	rulchases goods/services (incr/incra) red accounts Purchase of goods/services from other Fed agencies	425	500	200
299.001	Total Reimbursable obligations	450	551	225
				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
106.966	Total obligations	553, 351	730,811	811,732

#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE JUSTIFICATION OF FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATE SUBMISSION CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MONITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE

### APPROPRIATION JUSTIFICATION

(In Thousands of Dollars)
FY 1997 Estimate \$799,847
FY 1996 Budget \$657,250
FY 1995 Actual \$575,449

### Part I -- Purpose and Scope

capabilities; while avoiding future risks and costs associated with the continued storage the Army, the Department of Defense and State, the Administration, the Congress, and the The Chemical Demilitarization Program is a national program of high significance to Demilitarization Program is to destroy the U.S. inventory of lethal chemical agents and world. This is a Congressionally mandated program. The objective of the Chemical of chemical warfare materiel. The Chemical Demilitarization Program supports the munitions and related (non-stockpile) materiel and provide for emergency response international initiatives to rid the world of chemical weapons.

1994 in conjunction with the production of binary chemical weapons. Public Law 99-145 was (Public Law 100-456), the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1992 (Public Law 102-190), and the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484) which extended program completion to April 30, 1997; July 31, 1999; and December facilities by one year. Estimates contained in this budget submission reflect a disposal Department of Defense to destroy the complete unitary chemical stockpile by September 30, 31, 2004, respectively. The Chemical Demilitarization Program was restructured by the Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986 (Public Law 99-145) that directs the subsequently amended by the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1989 Office of the Secretary of Defense Program Decision Memorandum, August 16, 1994, by slipping construction and operation of the Pueblo, Blue Grass, Aberdeen and Newport The Chemical Demilitarization Program is based on section 1412 of the National completion date in calendar year 2004.

part of the U.S. Army Chemical Demilitarization and Remediation Activity (USACDRA) of the Manager for Chemical Demilitarization. The Program Manager for Chemical Demilitarization (USACMDA) was established in FY 1992 from the restructuring of the office of the Program destruction activities. As a result, the U.S. Army Chemical Materiel Destruction Agency (PM Cml Demil) and Program Manager for Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel (PM NSCM) became The House Appropriations Committee Report (101-822), accompanying the Fiscal Year 1991 Department of Defense Appropriations Act, directed the establishment of an overall program and a single office responsible for all Department of Defense chemical warfare U.S. Army Chemical and Biological Defense Command (CBDCOM), effective October 1, 1994.

the Department of Defense designated the Chemical Demilitarization Program as a Major Defense Acquisition Program (Acquisition Category ID) on December 26, 1994. This Technologies and Approaches Project, and the Cooperative Threat Reduction Product Team. Threat Reduction and not within the Chemical Agents and Munitions Destruction, Defense The Cooperative Threat Reduction Product Team is funded under the Former Soviet Union In recognition of the importance and complexity of the Chemical Demilitarization March 28, 1995, the Program Manager for Chemical Demilitarization was formed which consists of the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project, the Chemical Stockpile Emergency designation transitioned management of the Chemical Demilitarization Program to the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Research, Development and Acquisition). Effective Preparedness Project, the Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project, the Alternative

The Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project (CSDP): The Project Manager for the Chemical training facility. The Project Manager also ensures that physical security, safety, and environmental requirements associated with the project are identified, are in compliance with all Department of Defense and Department of the Army directives and Federal, State, systemization testing, operations, and closure of the chemical disposal plants and the Stockpile Disposal is responsible for the safe and efficient destruction of the United States unitary chemical stockpile. To accomplish this mission, the Project Manager includes design, construction, equipment acquisition and installation, training, manages, plans, and coordinates all phases of the chemical disposal project. and local laws, and are integrated into the entire technical effort.

Accounting Office (GAO) and Department of the Army (DA) concerns, a major restructuring of budgeting process. The restructuring established an Executive Council, co-chaired by the effort complementary to the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Program to enhance protection of the overall management of CSEPP occurred on October 1, 1994, to streamline procedures, Army and FEMA, to resolve issues and provide policy guidance, and a centralized CSEPP office. The Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Research, Development and weapons stockpile. The Army with the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) assistance has the lead in the CSEPP to provide emergency response/preparedness to the the civilian population during storage and destruction of the United States' chemical The Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project (CSEPP): The CSEPP is an communities surrounding the eight disposal sites. In response to Congress, General improve responsiveness to state and local jurisdictions, and to improve the overall Acquisition) is the final decision maker on all CSEPP matters.

The Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project (NSCMP): In 1991, the Deputy Secretary management of the demilitarization and disposal of the United States stockpile of lethal Program Manager, Chemical Demilitarization) was officially established in 1992 with the Department of Defense chemical warfare-related materiel destruction and designated the Secretary of the Army as the Defense Executive Agent for this purpose. The U.S. Army Chemical Demilitarization and Remediation Activity (subsequently restructured as the expressed mission to execute chemical materiel destruction by providing centralized of Defense directed that the Department of the Army be fully accountable for all chemical warfare agents and munitions and all non-stockpile chemical materiel.

existing recovered chemical warfare materiel and that which may be recovered from burial sites, binary munitions and related The NSCMP mission includes: identifying the magnitude of the non-stockpile program supporting ratified chemical treaties; and developing and implementing schedule and cost components, miscellaneous chemical warfare materiel stipulated in the Chemical Weapons treatment; developing and implementing transportation and destruction procedures; in terms of locations, types of agents and materiel, and quantities that require Convention, and former chemical weapons production facilities. estimates. Non-stockpile chemical materiel includes:

alternative technologies for potential use at the bulk-only sites. The Alternative Technologies and Approaches effort is on track for a Department of Defense decision during potential use at low-volume bulk-only sites, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland and Newport the 1st Quarter FY 1997 to determine which alternative technology, if any, will proceed to provided its report "Recommendations for the Disposal of Chemical Agents and Munitions" to technologies (chemical neutralization as stand-alone and chemical neutralization followed Committee on Review and Evaluation of the Army Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project, the Army on February 4, 1994. The Army evaluated the recommendations in the NRC Report, bench-scale testing at the Edgewood Research, Development and Engineering Center. Also, The National Research Council by biodegradation of the neutralized agent). These technologies are being explored for parallel with the Army's proceeding without deliberate delay with the reverse assembly/ Chemical Activity, Indiana. On-going efforts include internal laboratory research and considered comments provided by concerned citizens residing near each of the stockpile Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences is currently evaluating the five sites, and provided its report to Congress on April 12, 1994. Based upon the Army's three additional promising alternative technologies are being explored. The National incineration (baseline) program. In August 1994, the Army initiated an aggressive research and development program on two low-temperature, low-pressure alternative evaluation of the NRC report, several enhancements and/or changes are occurring in The Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project:

# Part II -- Justification of Funds Required

emergency preparedness for the communities surrounding the eight disposal locations within Disposal Project, the Army is responsible for the safe and efficient destruction of the products; decontaminate and dismantle all chemical disposal facilities; and provide for As the Executive Agent within the Department of Defense for the Chemical Stockpile Chemical agents and munitions are currently transportation of chemical agents and munitions for disposal; dispose of all waste United States unitary chemical stockpile and all non-stockpile chemical materiels. appropriation provides resources to design, equip, operate, and maintain disposal accomplish this mission, the Chemical Agents and Munitions Destruction, Defense facilities; train chemical disposal workers; provide safe and secure on-site the Continental United States (CONUS). within the CONUS and on Johnston Atoll in the Pacific. The eight storage installations in CONUS are located at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland; Anniston Army Depot, Alabama; Blue Grass Army Depot, Kentucky; Newport Chemical Activity, Indiana; Pine Bluff Arsenal, Arkansas; Pueblo Chemical Activity, Colorado; Tooele Army Depot, Utah; and Umatilla Chemical Activity, Oregon.

pioneering disposal plant and will be used to enhance the environmental compliance, safety technology which can safely destroy large quantities of chemical weapons. The first prototype fully integrated disposal plant, the Johnston Atoll Chemical Disposal System on Johnston Atoll, has demonstrated full scale disposal operations in compliance with safety certification of the successful completion of operational verification testing (OVT); and subsequently, full-scale disposal operations of nerve agent (GB) rockets began in January and environmental requirements for over four years of operational testing under rigorous 1994. Destruction of MC-1 GB-filled bombs began September 1, 1995 at the Johnston Atoll and operational efficiency of the Continental United States (CONUS) destruction plants. independent evaluation. In August 1993, the Secretary of Defense provided to Congress Chemical Agent Disposal Systems (JACADS). Many lessons learned have emerged from this The United States is the only nation which has developed and demonstrated a

the receipt of environmental approvals were experienced. Consequently, required surrogate burns did not commence until June 1995. Phase one of the Preoperational Survey began in training activities were on track to be completed as scheduled; however, serious delays in Construction of the first disposal facility in the CONUS, the Tooele Chemical Agent systemization began in August 1993 following the Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System certification of OVT completion by the Secretary of Defense. All testing and August 1995. The delays resulted in postponement of the start of agent destruction Disposal Facility (TOCDF) at Tooele, Utah, was completed in July 1993. Plant operations from 4th Quarter FY 1995 to 3rd Quarter FY 1996.

The Army released a Request for Proposal for the Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal 29, 1996 a contract for construction and operation of the ANCDF was awarded, with a Facility (ANCDF) in April 1992. Congressional delays and evolving environmental permitting requirements and processing reviews, resulted in delay of award of the construction contract for ANCDF until second quarter of fiscal year 1996.

allows the contractor to perform necessary preconstruction activities such as, writing and This provision commence until issuance of the necessary environmental permits. Requests for Proposals for both the Umatilla Chemical Agent Disposal Facility and the Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Safety Plans; reviewing in detail the designs; obtaining necessary construction permits; submitting for approval the Project Network Analysis System and Emergency Response and and submitting insurance certificates and bonds. Construction activities will not "limited notice to proceed provision," to Westinghouse Electric Company. Disposal Facility were released in July 1994.

the public and environment are adequately protected at the eight Continental United States storage installations and their surrounding communities. There is also an on-site CSEPP Toxic Substance Control Act, and the Clean Air and Clean Water Acts. Additionally, the To carry out the congressional mandate to safely and efficiently dispose of the unitary chemical stockpile, the Army is actively engaged in meeting all requirements of implementing a Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project (CSEPP) to ensure that the National Environmental Policy Act, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Army, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency, is developing and at Johnston Atoll.

storage and demilitarization. The calculated risk from storage exceeds the risk of the Emergency preparedness is based on the calculated risk from all sources, including Emergency responders must have the capability to immediately recognize the preparations for an accident involving chemical agents in the civilian community are preparation requires a coordinated effort between the installation, local and state This Therefore, in terms of emergency preparedness, the source and initiate protective actions for the public and emergency workers. demilitarization operations.

needed to comply with the requirements of the Chemical Weapons Convention and includes the stockpile chemical materiel was developed in August 1995. This plan reflects the approach The plan also provides for the development of acquisition systems for the provides for development and demonstration of mobile treatment systems for destruction of submitted to Congress in November 1993 and will be updated for submission to Congress in the third quarter FY 1996. An Implementation Plan to accomplish the destruction of non-The Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project (NSCMP) Survey and Analysis Report was The plan the non-stockpile chemical munitions that are being stored at active military destruction of Jethal chemical weapons, agents, and contaminated materiel.

purpose of providing the urgently needed capability for on-site destruction of chemical warfare materiel that may be recovered from suspect burial sites.

assist with technical design reviews, equipment testing, and disposal alternatives. The Munitions Management Device, Version 1 (MMD-1) is designed to destroy non-explosively configured chemical weapons recovered from burial sites across the country. The Munitions Alabama to decontaminate and dispose of buried chemical warfare materiel across the United The Small Burials Contract was awarded to Teledyne-Brown Engineering of Huntsville, Management Device, Version 2 (MMD-2) and Munitions Management Device, Version 3 (MMD-3) will be designed to destroy explosively configured chemical warfare materiel and bulk States using mobile treatment technologies developed by the Army. The firm will also quantities of chemical warfare materiel, respectively.

the two neutralization processes, have been submitted to the National Research Council for Commerce Daily Business in August 1995. These technologies are electrochemical oxidation, assembly/incineration (baseline technology) in executing this important national mission. neutralization followed by biodegradation of the neutralized agent). Also, the Army has The Army continues to monitor industry for other alternative technology The Army is exploring alternative technologies which may be used in lieu of reverse high temperature gas phase reduction, and molten metal. These technologies, as well as identified three additional alternative technologies from industry's response to the neutralization-based alternative technologies (chemical neutralization and chemical Funds are required to support the on-going research and development efforts on two further review.

Munitions Destruction, Defense appropriation. This document provides justification for requirements for the construction of chemical disposal facilities budgeted in the Military This document provides for justification for FY1997 financial requirements in support of the Chemical Demilitarization Program, which are budgeted in the Chemical Agents and Construction, Defense-Wide appropriation, in order to provide a clear non-fragmented accounting of the requirements necessary to meet the congressional mandate.

# Part III -- Program Descriptions and Milestones

The Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project (CSDP) is complying with the requirements of Protection Agency (EPA), Department of Transportation (DOT), Federal Emergency Management Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences performs an oversight function for the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in determining the locations to construct disposal facilities. The Army has solicited and received assistance from such Federal MITRE Corporation conducts independent studies on various aspects of the program at the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project (CSDP). Although not in an oversight role, agencies as the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), U.S. Environmental Agency (FEMA), and the President's Council on Environmental Quality. The National request of the Army.

States utilizing the safest, most environmentally sound and most cost-effective method. Isite-specific environmental impact statement, tied to the FPEIS, will be prepared for all the development of these documents. Additionally, the National Defense Authorization Act The CAC's have been established for each state. Army representatives meet not Demilitarization Citizens' Advisory Commission (CAC) for each low-volume site and for any eight sites. The individual states, as well as the Environmental Protection Agency and Department of Health and Human Services, will assist the Army as cooperating agencies in state in which there is located a chemical stockpile storage site, if requested by the The Army completed a Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (FPEIS) in January 1988 that culminated in the Record of Decision in February 1988 to destroy the chemical stockpile at the eight chemical storage locations in the Continental United for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484) directed the Army to establish a Chemical less than twice a year with each commission to receive citizen and state concerns regarding the Army's ongoing Chemical Demilitarization Program. Governor.

was recognized as a Major Defense Acquisition Program conducted under the auspices of the In September 1991, it was determined that the structured program reviews of the CSDP well as other Federal Agencies. In December 1994, the Chemical Demilitarization Program would be conducted under the Army Systems Acquisition Review Council (ASARC) procedures with membership including Army and Office of the Secretary of Defense participants, as Defense Acquisition Board.

Project (CSDP) enhancements related to the Public Outreach Program and surveillance of the initiate construction activities at Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal Facility; and initiate acquisition of equipment in support of on-site destruction of recovered chemical warfare Blue Grass depot support construction activities. In addition, the Chemical Stockpile Technologies and Approaches Project; continue munitions reconfiguration operations and construction activities at Umatilla and Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facilities; continue Emergency Preparedness Project activities will continue. Chemical Stockpile Disposal chemical stockpile will be on-going. In the Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project, disposal operations at the Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System and Tooele Chemical Agent Disposal Facility; the Chemical Agent Munitions Disposal System will continue to support the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project and the Alternative construction activities at Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility; continue In FY 1997, major program activities will include the following items: materiel will continue.

# Major Milestones for the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project are as follows:

(JACADS)	
System (J)	
Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System (	_
al Agent	ing (OVT
11 Chemic	tion Test
nston Ato	l Verification Testing (
Completed John	Operational

March 1993

August 1993 Certified OVT completion and started systemization--Tooele Chemical Agent Disposal Facility

Initiated JACADS full-scale disposal operations of nerve agent (GB) rockets

Completed destruction of GB rockets at JACADS

Completed destruction of MK-94 GB-filled bombs at JACADS

Complete systemization and start operations--Facility Chemical Agent Disposal Tooele

Commence destruction of 155 MM GB-filled projectiles at JACADS

Contract award-Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility
Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facility
Umatilla Chemical Agent Disposal Facility
Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal Facility
Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facility
Aberdeen Chemical Agent Disposal Facility
Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Facility

1996 1999 FY 1996 1997 1998 3rd Qtr FY 1996 FY 1996 February 1996 February 1996 January 1994 Mid-November ΕX FY FY July 1995 3rd Otr Qtr Qtr 3rd Otr Qtr Qtr Qtr 4th 3rd 2nd 2nd 2nd

# Major Milestones for the Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project are as follows:

Army Submitted Final Report on Alternative Chemical Demilitarization Technologies to Congress	April 1994
Selection of Alternative Technologies and Approaches for Pilot Testing	1st Qtr FY 1997
Begin Construction	1st <u>Otr</u> FY 1999
Initiate Pilot Testing	2nd Qtr FY 2002
Decision to go Full Scale Operations	1st Qtr FY 2003
Begin Operations	3rd Qtr FY 2003
Complete Operations	1st Qtr FY 2005

# Major Milestones for the Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project (CSEPP) Project are as follows:

Completion of Initial Planning, Training, and Most Equipment Buys	1st Otr	r FY	1997	16
Complete Off-Post Communication Systems Purchases	4th Otr	r FY	1997	16
Complete Off-Post Over-Pressurization Purchases	4th Q	Qtr FY	1997	97
Sustainment Phase of the Improved Response Capabilities	4th O	Qtr FY	1997	76
Conduct CSEPP Exercises at: Tooele, Utah Anniston, Alabama				76
				76
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland Newport, Indiana	3rd Q	Otr FY Otr FY		76
Pueblo, Colorado			1997	7

are as follows:
Project
Materiel
Chemical
Non-Stockpile
for the
Milestones f
Major

Submitted Survey and Analysis Report to Congress	November 1993
Developed and Validate Non-Intrusive Munitions Assessment Technology	November 1993
Initiated Preparation of Concept Plan	March 1994
Completed Management Plan	April 1994
Awarded Contract for Disposal at Small Burials Sites	July 1995
Developed Final Implementation Plan	August 1995
Publish First Update of Survey and Analysis Report	3rd Qtr FY 1996
Submit National Chemical Weapons Destruction Plan	4th Qtr FY 1996
Submit Initial Chemical Weapon Production Facility Destruction Plan	2nd Qtr FY 2000
Complete Destruction of CWC Miscellaneous Chemical Weapons Materiel	4th Qtr FY 2000
Complete Destruction of Recovered Chemical Weapons Materiel	2nd Qtr FY 2001

Dollars)	\$48,300	\$53,003	\$20,700
Thousands of	Estimate	Budget	Actual
(In	FY 1997	FY 1996	FY 1995
		-	

#### Purpose and Scope

This budget activity provides the resources for the development of alternative acquisition and testing of prototype equipment for the recovery and treatment of technologies to incineration for the disposal of chemical agents and the design, stockpile chemical materiel.

### Justification of Funds Required

approaches exist which are safer, less costly, or rapidly implementable; and for the acquisition and testing of prototype equipment for on-site treatment of recovered chemical assembly/incineration (baseline technology), to determine if alternative technologies Funds are required in FY 1997 to conduct research, in parallel with the reverse warfare materiel in support of the Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project.

### Funded Financial Summary

Ą.	RESOURCES:	RESOURCES: (In Thousands of Dollars)		700	1007
	TITLE	Ä	Fr 1995 Actual	Budget	Estimate
Alt	ernative Technologi Program Management	Alternative <u>Techn</u> ologies and Approaches - Program Management	0	200	200
Alt	ernative Tech	Alternative Technologies and Approaches - Mission	\$ 9,400	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,500
Sub	total Altern	Subtotal Alternative Technologies and Approaches	9,400	15,900	16,000
Non	-Stockpile C	Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project	\$ 11,300	\$ 37,103	\$ 32,300
Total	iai		\$ 20,700	\$ 53,003	\$ 48,300

TITLE: DEMILITARIZATION TECHNOLOGY

### B. DESCRIPTION OF ELEMENT:

# Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project:

alternatives have been identified to include electro-chemical oxidation, molten-metal, and The Product systemization, operation and maintenance of the pilot plant, to optimize effluent disposal methods, and to continue development of analytical and monitoring methods specific to the and evaluating all five technologies and will provide recommendations in a report to the permit applications for two low-temperature, low-pressure technologies which may lead to laboratory and bench-scale testing, pilot plant design, and preparation of environmental Manager for Alternative Technologies and Approaches has implemented a program including one or two alternative systems for pilot testing. The two technologies are stand-alone high temperature gas phase reduction. The National Research Council (NRC) is reviewing neutralization and neutralization followed by biological degradation. Three additional technologies which may be applicable. Fiscal Year 1997 funding is required to provide alternative technology. Laboratory testing will be provided on an as needed basis to support to develop pilot plant construction bid packages, to develop procedures for Army in August 1996. The Army continues to monitor industry for other alternative This budget activity provides resources for the research and development of alternative technologies to incineration for the disposal of chemical agents. support the environmental permit approval process.

# Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project:

Funds are included for the continued development, design, purchase, installation, and acceptance testing of equipment for the Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project; for continued evaluation of non-stockpile disposal technologies; and for continued development of non-intrusive analysis systems for munitions and their surrounding environment.

TITLE: DEMILITARIZATION TECHNOLOGY

# C. PROGRAM ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND PLANS:

#### FY 1995 Program:

# Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project:

Continue basic research and bench-scale testing activities for the Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project (\$9.4 million).

# Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project:

0 Initiate concept and design efforts for the Munitions Management Device, Version (MMD-2) in support of the Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project (\$11.3 million).

#### FY 1996 Program:

# Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project:

- Monitor and manage the Alternative Technologies and Approaches mission (\$0.5 million) 0
- Continue basic research and bench-scale testing activities for the Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project (\$6.4 million). 0
- Preparation for selection of one or two alternatives for pilot testing (\$3.0 million). 0
- Pilot-scale system design and preparation of permit application (\$6.0 million). 0

# Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project:

Continue work on the design efforts and also initiate the acquisition and testing 0

TITLE: DEMILITARIZATION TECHNOLOGY

technologies for non-intrusive evaluation of suspect chemical munitions and containers concept/design and acquisition of the Munitions Management Device, Version 3 (MMD-3) the initiation of the Advanced Technology Assessment effort which includes developing phases for the Munitions Management Device, Version 2 (MMD-2). Begin work on the (\$37.1 million).

#### FY 1997 Program:

Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project:

- o Monitor and manage (two workyears of effort) the Alternative Technologies and Approaches mission  $(\$0.5\ \text{million})$ .
- Preparation of construction bid packages and procedures for startup, operation and maintenance of the pilot plants, laboratory support of the permitting process, and continuing development of analytical and monitoring methods (\$15.5 million).

# Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project:

- o Decontamination and toxicology research to support characterization and disposal of waste relating to alternative technology (\$6.2 million).
- o Research advanced methods to access Chemical Warfare Materiel (CWM) and monitor agent destruction (\$5.2 million).
- o Completion of laboratory analytical database for non-intrusive assessment of Chemical (CWM) (\$2.0 million). Warfare Materiel
- Testing of the Munitions Management Devices (MMD-1) (\$5.4 million). 0

TITLE: DEMILITARIZATION TECHNOLOGY

o Design and fabrication of Munitions Management Devices (MMD-2 and MMD-3) (\$13.5 million)

#### D. WORK PERFORMED BY:

approved, will be performed for mustard (HD) at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland and for approaches will be performed by certified commercial chemical agent surety laboratories and the U.S. Army Chemical and Biological Defense Command. Pilot scale tests, if Stockpile Chemical Materiel is located at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, and is the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project. Bench-scale tests of alternative technologies and government's technical organization involved with the destruction of the non-stockpile chemical materiel. The contract for the concept and design efforts for the Munitions The Program Manager for Chemical Demilitarization is located at Aberdeen Proving nerve agent (VX) at Newport Chemical Activity, Indiana. The Project Manager for Non-Ground, Maryland, and is the government's technical organization involved with the Management Devices (MMD) has been awarded to Science Applications International Corporation.

### E. RELATED ACTIVITIES:

toxic chemical agents and munitions is solely the responsibility of DOD. The U.S. Army is Currently, there are no related projects. No unnecessary duplication of effort will occur within the Department of Defense (DOD) or the Army. Large-scale destruction of the Executive Agent for the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project as designated by DOD

### . OTHER APPROPRIATION FUNDS:

Alternative Technologies and Approaches Project:

There are no other funds related to the Alternative Technologies and Approaches research and development effort.

TITLE: DEMILITARIZATION TECHNOLOGY

# Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project:

fielding, the MMDs will require additional support equipment such as trailers, maintenance In FY 1997, \$11.7 million in Procurement funding (Budget Activity 2) is related to follow-on activities upon deployment of the Munitions Management Devices (MMDs). Upon and spare parts, and other support equipment.

(In Thousands of Dollars)
FY 1997 Estimate \$273,600
FY 1996 Budget \$259,029
FY 1995 Actual \$198,965

#### Purpose and Scope

equipment used in the disposal facilities for destroying the unitary chemical stockpile; the Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project equipment; and the Non-Stockpile fabrication and installation of equipment. Also included are costs for initial spare parts, freight, software, maintenance and operations manuals relating to specific This budget activity provides for the procurement of all process and support Chemical Materiel Project equipment. It includes costs for design, acquisition, equipment and design changes during construction and installation.

### Justification of Funds Required

Preparedness Project equipment (\$21.7 million); and non-stockpile long-lead time equipment Facilities (\$9.2 million); equipment acquisition and installation for Anniston, Umatilla, equipment modifications for Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System (\$3.5 million) Pine Bluff, Pueblo, and Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facilities (\$136.8 million); and Chemical Agent Munitions Disposal System (\$1.0 million); equipment for the systems Umatilla, Pine Bluff, Pueblo, Blue Grass, Aberdeen and Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Chemical Agent Disposal Facilities (\$66.4 million); materials and equipment for depot support for Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (\$0.1 million); engineering and contract for construction and operations of Tooele, Umatilla, Pine Bluff, and Pueblo The FY 1997 budget request provides for process design services for Anniston, technical services (\$12.8 million); acquisition of Chemical Stockpile Emergency (\$22.1 million).

#### PROCUREMENT BUDGET ACTIVITY 2:

### Funded Financial Summary (In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 1995	FY 1996 Budget	FY 1997 Estimate
	2,474	12,629	12,800
Д	1,640	3,500	3,500
Chemical Agent Munitions Disposal System	855	1,100	1,000
Tooele Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	15,471	2,600	5,800
Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	71,265	7,800	14,800
Umatilla Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	19,769	61,500	51,200
Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	19,001	66,100	40,900
Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	5,418	21,800	86,000
Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	125	400	12,700
Aberdeen Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	558	200	200
Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	000	200	009
Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project Enhancements	59, 635	26,100	000
Subtotal Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project	196,211	207,529	229,800
Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project	1,354	26,100	21,700
•		·	
Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project	1,400	25,400	22,100
TOTAL	198,965	259,029	273,600

#### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required

In FY 1997, funds in the amount of \$12.8 million are required for technical services to include configuration management, Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System support, and engineering change proposal/change notice preparation. equipment acquisition services, program management system hardware and software, Engineering Services:

The FY 1997 budget request of \$3.5 million includes the purchase of major replacement parts and equipment that are needed because of wear, breakage or as a result of design changes. Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System (JACADS):

FY 1997 for various plant and equipment modifications required to support baseline testing Funding of \$1.0 million is budgeted in Chemical Agent Munitions Disposal System (CAMDS): requirements.

FY 1997 for systems contractor major replacement parts and equipment required due to wear, Funding of \$5.8 million is budgeted in Tooele Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (TOCDF): breakage or design changes.

\$14.8 million are required to procure equipment for the facility, for site-specific design Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (ANCDF): In FY 1997, funds in the amount of engineering and materials, and equipment required by host installation to support the Chemical Demilitarization Program. Refer to Exhibit P-5A (Procurement History and Planning) for further delineation/description of requirements. Umatilla Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (UMCDF): The Umatilla demilitarization facility is scheduled for construction in 4th Quarter FY 1996. In FY 1997, funds in the amount of to Exhibit P-5A (Procurement History and Planning) for further delineation/description of \$51.2 million are needed to procure equipment for the facility, the systems contractor equipment installation, as well as for site-specific design engineering activities.

### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required

(Continued)

to Exhibit P-5A (Procurement History and Planning) for further delineation/description of facility is scheduled for construction in 3rd Quarter FY 1996. In FY 1997, funds in the amount of \$40.9 million are needed to procure equipment for the facility, the systems The Pine Bluff demilitarization contractor equipment, as well as for site-specific design engineering activities. Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (PBCDF): requirements.

Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (PUCDF): The Pueblo demilitarization facility is equipment, as well as for site-specific design engineering activities. Refer to Exhibit scheduled for construction in 3rd Quarter FY 1997. In FY 1997, funds in the amount of \$86.0 million are needed to procure equipment for the facility, the systems contractor P-5A (Procurement History and Planning) for further delineation/description of requirements.

Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facility  $\overline{BGCDF}$ : In FY 1997, funds in the amount of \$12.7 million are required for procurement of long-lead time equipment for the facility and design engineering activities. Refer to Exhibit P-5A (Procurement History and Planning) for further delineation/description of requirements.

Aberdeen Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (ABCDF): In FY 1997, funds in the amount of Refer to Exhibit P-5A (Procurement History and Planning) for further delineation/description of \$0.5 million are required for process design engineering activities. requirements.

Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (NECDF): In FY 1997, funds in the amount of \$0.6 million are required for process design engineering activities. Refer to Exhibit P-5A (Procurement History and Planning) for further delineation/description of requirements.

#### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required

(Continued)

communications. Completion of these major procurements will greatly enhance both response pressurization projects for the general population. Communication upgrades and new Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project (CSEPP): Funds in the amount of communication systems include both automated data processing networks and voice \$21.7 million are budgeted in FY 1997 to complete procurement of off-post overcapabilities and strengthen protective actions for the general population.

million for the Mobile Munitions Assessment System. In addition, \$5.2 million is required consisting of: 1) \$0.6 million for Rapid Response System (RRS) equipment, 2) \$6.0 million for environmental enclosure to support field operations, 3) \$0.4 million for Munitions for Management Device (MMD-3) support equipment, 4) \$7.6 million for support equipment for destruction of recovered chemical warfare materiel. Of this amount, \$16.9 million is for training, personnel protective equipment, and medical support equipment for test the procurement of equipment for mobile chemical warfare materiel destruction system mobile laboratory, monitoring equipment and interim holding facilities, and 5) \$2.3 Munitions Management Devices (MMD-1, 2 and 3) to include environmental enclosures, \$22.1 million is required for the acquisition of equipment in support of on-site Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project (NSCMP): The FY 1997 budget request of operations in support of RRS production testing.

		UNCLASSIFIED	IFIED					
REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION SHEET	TEM JUS	STIFICAL	TONSHE	ET		DATE	March 1996
JDGET ACTIVITY				P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE:	NCLATURE:			
Procurement/Budget Activity 2				Chemical De	Chemical Demilitarization Process Equipment	Process Equip	ment	
	FY95	FY96	FY97	FY98	FY99	FY00	FY01	FY02
QUANTITY								
COST (IN MILLIONS)	199.0	259.0	274.0	351.0	231.0	152.0	47.0	0.0

#### **DESCRIPTION:**

This budget activity also provides for the purchase of equipment to support the Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project (CSEPP) and the Non-Stockpile This budget activity provides for the purchase and installation of equipment for disposal facilities to be used for destroying the unitary chemical agent stockpile. Chemical Materiel Project (NSCMP).

Umatilla, Pine Bluff, and Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal Facilities; acquisition of CSEPP equipment; engineering and technical services; and non-stockpile long-lead The FY 1997 funds provide for process design services for Anniston, Umatilla, Pine Bluff, Pueblo, Blue Grass, Aberdeen, and Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System, and Chemical Agent Munitions Disposal System; equipment for the systems contract for construction at Tooele, Facilities; equipment acquisition for Anniston, Umatilla, Pine Bluff, Pueblo, and Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facilities; equipment modifications for the time equipment.

		P-1 SI	P-1 SHOPPING LIST		Page of Pages
DD Form 2454, Jul 88				UNCLASSIFIED	
	ITEM NO	PAGE NO	26		EXHIBIT P-40

Compact					UNCLASSIFIED					
Chemical Domiliarization Equipment	HEPORI'S CONTROL SYMBOL DD-COMP(AR) 1092	M	EAPON SYS	TEM COST	ANALYSIS E	ХНІВІТ			DATE	March 1996
SEE P-5A   Chemical Demilitarization Equipment   SEE P-5A   Chemical Demilitarization Equipment   SEE P-5A   Chemical Demilitarization Equipment   SEE P-5A   TOTAL COST IN THOUSANDS OF POLULARS   TOTAL COST IN THOUSANDS OF POLULARS OF	APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY					P-1 ITEM NOME	NCLATURE			
Participation   Participatio	Procurement/Budget Activity 2					Chemical Der	militarization	Equipment		
SEE P-5A   Chemical Domilitarization Equipment			MANUFA	CTURER NAME		WEAPON MODE	EL/SERIES/POP	PULAR NAME		
SEE P-SA   Chemical Demilitarization Equipment			PLANT CITY	/STATE LOCATI	NO					
Page				SEE P-5A		Chemical Der	militarization	Equipment		
Total Cost Elements					TOTAL COST	IN THOUSANDS	OF DOLLARS			
Engineering Searvices  NA 1,640  Authorized Agent Disposal Facility  NA 1,265  To blook Chemical Agent Disposal Facility  NA 1,364  To blook Chemical Agent Disposal Facility  To blook Chemical Agent Disposal Facility  NA 1,364  To blook Chemica		IDENT	FY 95	Quantity	FY 96	Quantity	FY 97	Quantity	7	Quantity
1,2529   1,2529   1,2500   1		CODE	UNII COST	TOTAL COST		TOTAL COST	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST		TOTAL COST
Chemical Agent Disposal Facility   N/A   15,471   5,600   1,000		<b>X X X</b>		2,4/4		12,629		12,800		
Facility   N/A   15,471   5,600   5,800   14,8		Z Z		855		2,300		1,000		
Toole Chemical Agent Disposal Facility		A/N								
Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility NA 17,265 NA 19,769 NA 19,001 NA 19,001 NA 12,869 NA 19,001 NA 12,800 NA 19,001 NA 12,800 NA 13,804 NA 1,804 N	-	A/N		15,471		5,600		2,800		
Unmaille Chemical Agent Disposal Facility   N/A   19,769   61,500   51,200		Y N		71,265		7,800		14,800		
Public Disposal Facility   N/A   125   1900   19,000		¥ :		19,769		61,500		51,200		
Total Chemical Agent Disposal Facility   N/A   558   500   12,700		¥ S		19,001		66,100		40,900		
Aberdeen Chemical Agent Disposal Facility N/A September Chemical Agent Disposal Facility September Chemical Agent Di		<b>₹</b> \$		5,418		21,800		86,000		
NA	State Glass Cremical Agent Disposal Facility     Abardeen Chemical Agent Disposal Facility	ŽŽ		671		400		500		
Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project         N/A         59,635         26,100         0           Enhancements Carbon Filtration System         N/A         196,211         207,529         2229,800           Of bemical Stockpile Emergency         N/A         1,354         26,100         21,700           Preparedness Project         N/A         1,400         25,400         22,100           Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project         N/A         198,965         259,029         273,600           TOTAL         198,965         259,029         273,600         Pag		{ ¥ Ž		0		200		909		
Enhancements Carbon Filtration System   N/A   196,211   207,529   229,800		¥/Z		59,635		26,100				
1,354	Enhancements Carbon Filtration System	¥ ž		10001		007 500		000	Δ	
Chemical Stockpile Emergency         N/A         1,354         26,100         21,700           Preparedness Project         N/A         1,400         25,400         22,100           Non-Stockpile Chemical Material Project         N/A         1,400         25,400         22,100           TOTAL         198,965         255,029         273,600           Pag         Pag         255,029         273,600	Sub/Lotal Citerinical Stockpile Disposal	Ž		130,081		670,102		700,622		
OTAL 198,965 259,029 273,600 Pag		A A		1,354		26,100		21,700		
198,965 259,029 273,600 Pag	14. Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project	A N		1,400		25,400		22,100		
198,965 259,029 273,600 Pag										
198,965 259,029 273,600 P-1 SHOPPING LIST UNCLASSIFIED										
P-1 SHOPPING LIST UNCLASSIFIED	TOTAL			198,965		259,029		273,600		
			d.	1 SHOPPING L	ST			400	Page	of Pages
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ProcurementBudget Activity 2					UNCLASSIFIED						
CONTRACT   CONTRACTED	REPORTS CONTRC	OL SYMBOL	BUDGE	T PROCUREMENT HIST	TORY AND	PLANNINGE	XHIBIT		DATE		Aar-96
CONTRACT	APPROPRIATION /E	SUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	MENCLATURE					
OONTRACT   CONTRACTED	Procurement/Bu	dget Activity 2			Chemical [	<b>Jemilitarizati</b> c	on Equipment				
AE/CPFF   USAEDH	COST ELEMENT/	CONTRACTOR	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED	AWARD	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW		IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
H Sep 84 N/A N/A 336 Yes No 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Tooele Chemica Process Design	Agent Disposal Facility  1)  Rainh M Parsons	A/E/CPEF	USAEDH	Jul 86	A N		731	Ϋ́Z		
H Sep 84 N/A N/A 336 Yes No 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Company						00			
C/Option   USAEDH   Sep 84   N/A   N/A   Sep 84   N/A   N/A   Sep 84   N/A   Sep 95   Sep 9	Equipment Acque	lisition and Installation	(Major Process	Equipment ) 2)							
no. C/CPFF/FFP USAEDH Nov 88 N/A 1,304 Yes No No Not 1,304 Yes No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		Raytheon Engrs Construction	C/Option	USAEDH	Sep 84	N/A		336			
997. 997. 997. 997. 997. 997. 997. 997.	Equipment Acqu	isition Contract 3)						,			
997. 997. 997. 997. Page 1 of 2 HOPPING LIST PAGE NO 28 EXHIBIT P-5A		Bechtel National Inc.	C/CPFF/FFP	USAEDH	Nov 88	N/A		1,304 0 0			
997. 997. 10PPING LIST PAGE NO 28 EXHIBIT P-5A											
997. 997. HOPPING LIST PAGE NO 28 EXHIBIT P-5A	REMARKS 1) There are no	budgeted requirements f	for FY 1997.								
997. HOPPING LIST PAGE NO 28 EXHIBIT P-5A	2) There are no	budgeted requirements f	for FY 1997.								
P-1 SHOPPING LIST  UNCLASSIFIED  PAGE NO 28  EXHIBIT P-5A	3) There are no	budgeted requirements t	for FY 1997.								
PAGE NO 28			P-1 SHOPPIN	G LIST			ON CINE			ţ	Pages
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UDGET ACTIVITY  GONTRACTOR  CONTRACTOR  AGENT CONTRACTED  BY  AGENT CONTRACTED  BY  AGENT CONTRACTED  BY  AGENT CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  CONTRACTED  BY  CONTRACTED  CONTRA	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTO	ORY AND P	LANNINGE	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
CONTRACT  & TYPE BY  Contract 4)  C/PAF  USAEDH  e major replacement parts and equipment for FY 1997.		P-1 ITEM NON	<b>GNCLATURE</b>					
CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O		Chemical D	emilitarizatio	n Equipment				
Contrac C/P	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE		DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
(1995 EG&G Inc. C/F (1996 (1995 (1995 (1997 (199	_8_							
(1995) (1995) (1995) (1996) (1997) (1		Sep 89	N/A	Ž	13,100 5,600 5,800			
7 1995 7 1995 7 1995 7 1996 7 1997 8 18 is a systems contract to purchase major lere are no budgeted requirements for FY 1								
7 1995 7 1996 7 1997 ARKS lis is a systems contract to purchase major lere are no budgeted requirements for FY 1					000			
					15,471 5,600 5,800		,	
		nt as needed	during FY 1	997.				
			<b>)</b>					
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ITEM NO PAGE NO 29				ONOLASS	0	EX	EXHIBIT P-5A	5A

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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	3OL SYMBOL									
DD-COMP(AR) 1092	92	BUDGE	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	TORY AND	PLANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION	APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NC	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/B	Procurement/Budget Activity 2			Chemical (	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment	n Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED	AWARD	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REO'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Anniston Chemica Process Design 1)	<u>-</u>								-	
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Raiph M. Parsons Company	A/E/CPFF	USAEDH	Jul 86	N/A	N/A	1,468 1,700 1,800			
Equipment Acq Equipment Inst	Equipment Acquisition and Installation  Equipment Installation Contract Annex G (Major Process Equipment) 2)	(Major Process	Equipment ) 2)							
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Raytheon Engrs Construction	C/Option	USAEDH	Sep 84	N/A	N/A	000			
Equipment Acq	Equipment Acquisition Contract 3)									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Bechtel National Inc.	C/CPFF/FFP	USAEDH	Nov 88	N/A	N/A	0 0 12,900			
REMARKS										

1) The FY 1997 funding provides for continued Phase II process design engineering support, review of vendor documentation, and an on-site field office staff.

2) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.

3) The FY 1997 requirements are for purchase of munition overpacks and spare parts, vehicles, bulk drain station, mine glove box, and tipping valve.

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DD-COMP(AR) 1092	2	BUDGE	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	<b>TORY AND</b>	PLANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY	BUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	idget Activity 2			Chemical	Oemilitarizatio	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Anniston Chemi Construction, Ec	Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility Construction, Equipment and Operations Contract 4)	Contract 4)								
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Westinghouse Electric Company	C/FFP	USAIOC	Feb 96	N/A	N/A	69,797 6,100 0			
Depot Support 5)										
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Unknown	C/FFP	Unknown	Unknown	N/A	N/A	100			
Total										
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997							71,265 7,800 14,800			
									•	
REMARKS 4) There are no	REMARKS 4) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	for FY 1997.								
5) Budgeted fu	5) Budgeted funds for FY 1997 are for materials and equipment required by the host installation to provide support to the chemical demilitarization program.	naterials and eq	uipment required by the	host installa	tion to provid	e support to the	e chemical de	əmilitarizatio	n prograr	ċ
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	GLIST			CHISSIELED	SIFIED	Page 2	of 2	Pages
	ITEM NO		PAGENO	0 31				EX	EXHIBIT P-5A	5A

Part											
updet Activity 2  CONTRACTOR  CONTRACTOR  AMARD  CONTRACTOR  AMARD  CONTRACTOR  AND LOCATION  AND LO	REPORTS CONTR	OL SYMBOL	BUDGE	T PROCUREMENT HIS	TORY AND	PLANNING	EXHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
Chemical Demilitarization Equipment           CONTRACT & AWARD ATTY         DATE OF FIRST AND ALIVERY         DATE OF FIRST COST COST AND ALIVERY         UNIT COST	APPROPRIATION/	BUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NC	MENCLATURE					
CONTRACT         DATE OF FIRST PRINT         UNIT           & TYPE         BY         DATE         DELIVERY         QUANTITY         COST           A/E/CPFF         USAEDH         Jul 86         N/A         N/A         1,487           (Major Process Equipment) 2)         C/Option         USAEDH         Sep 84         N/A         N/A         16,000           C/CPFF/FFP         USAEDH         Nov 88         N/A         N/A         1,382           C/CPFF/FFP         USAEDH         Nov 88         N/A         N/A         1,382	Procurement/Bu	idget Activity 2			Chemical	Demilitarizatic	on Equipment				
A/E/CPFF         USAEDH         Jul 86         N/A         N/A           (Major Process Equipment ) 2)         Sep 84         N/A         N/A           C/Option         USAEDH         Sep 84         N/A         N/A           C/CPFF/FFP         USAEDH         Nov 88         N/A         N/A	COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
H Sep 84 N/A	Umatilla Chemir Process Design	cal Agent Disposal Facility									
H Nov 88 N/A N/A	FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Ralph M. Parsons Company	A/E/CPFF	USAEDH	Jul 86	N/A		1,487 1,500 1,800			
C/Option USAEDH Sep 84 N/A	Equipment Acqu Equipment Insta	uisition and Installation Illation Contract Annex G	(Major Process	s Equipment ) 2)				) .			
nc. C/CPFF/FFP USAEDH Nov 88 N/A N/A	FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Raytheon Engrs Construction	C/Option	USAEDH	Sep 84	N/A		16,000			
Bechtel National Inc. C/CPFF/FFP USAEDH Nov 88 N/A N/A 2	Equipment Acq	uisition Contract 3)									
	FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Bechtel National Inc.	C/CPFF/FFP	USAEDH	Nov 88	N/N		1,382 24,700 28,600			
REMARKS  1) The FY 1997 funds are for Phase II work associated with document review, engineering design and field office activities.	REMARKS 1) The FY 1997	I 7 funds are for Phase II w	ork associated	with document review, e	ngineering	design and fie	eld office activiti	168.			

2) There are no FY 1997 budgeted requirements.

The FY 1997 funds provide for the purchase of munitions overpacks, munition trays, automatic chemical agent monitor system, closed circuit TV system,
residue handling area equipment, laboratory equipment, non-agent monitors, perimeter monitoring system radios, mine glove box, mine machine and spare parts.

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	J. SYMBOL		٦	UNCLASSIFIED	۵					
DD-COMP(AR) 1092		BUDGET	DGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	ORY AND	PLANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY	SUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	dget Activity 2			Chemical [	Demilitarizatic	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Umatilla Chemic Construction, Eq	Umatilla Chemical Agent Disposal Facility Construction, Equipment and Operations Contract 4)	Contract 4)								
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Unknown	C/FFP	USAIOC	Mar 96	N/A	N/A	16,900 19,300 20,800			
Depot Support 5)	Œ									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997							000			
Total										
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997							19,769 61,500 51,200			
HEMAHKS 4) This is a syst this contract incl	HEMARKS 4) This is a systems contract for construction, acquisition and installation of equipment, and disposal operations at Umatilla. Procurement funded items under this contract include acquisition of non-standard equipment items and installation of all process equipment.	ction, acquisitio	n and installation of equi ent items and installation	ipment, and ı of all proce	disposal ope	rations at Uma it.	tilla. Procure	ement funde	d items u	ınder
5) There are no	5) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	for FY 1997.								
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	GLIST			LINCI ASSIEIED	SIEIED	Page 2	of 2	Pages
	ITEM NO		PAGENO	33				EX	EXHIBIT P-5A	-5A

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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	ROL SYMBOL									
DD-COMP(AR) 1092	92	BUDGE	<b>BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT</b>	ORY AND	PLANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION	APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NC	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/B	Procurement/Budget Activity 2			Chemical	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment	n Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE	SPEC REV	IF YES, WHEN
Pine Bluff Chemic Process Design 1)	Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facility Process Design 1)									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Ralph M. Parsons Company	A/E/CPFF	USAEDH	Jul 86	N/A	N/A	321 1,100 2,400			100 t distribution
Equipment Acq Equipment Inst	Equipment Acquisition and Installation Equipment Installation Contract Annex G (Major Process Equipment ) 2)	(Major Process	Equipment ) 2)							
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Raytheon Engrs Construction	C/Option	USAEDH	Sep 84	N/A	N/A	10,258 21,200 0			
Equipment Acq	Equipment Acquisition Contract 3)									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Bechtel National Inc.	C/CPFF/FFP	USAEDH	Nov 88	A/A	N/A	8,422 14,900 23,400		-	7.50
BEMABKS										

REMARKS

1) The FY 1997 funds are for Phase II work associated with document review, engineering design and field office activities.

2) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.

3) The FY 1997 funds are budgeted for munition overpacks, munition trays, valves, instruments, perimeter monitoring system, lab equipment, mine glove box, residue handling area equipment, non-agent monitors, closed circuit TV, mine machine, tipping valve, and spare parts.

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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	UL SYMBOL			UNCLASSIFIED				:		
DD-COMP(AR) 1092		BUDGE	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	<b><i>FORY AND</i></b>	PLANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY	SUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	dget Activity 2			Chemical	Demilitarizatio	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Pine Bluff Chem Construction, Eq	Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facility Construction, Equipment and Operations Contract 4)	ity Contract 4)								
FY 1995 FY 1996 EV 1997	Unknown	C/FFP	USAIOC	96 unf	N/A	N/A	28,900		<u> </u>	
Depot Support 5)		- J- 50-								
FY 1995 FY 1996							,000			
Total							, ,			
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997							19,001 66,100 40,900			
REMARKS 4) This is a syst this contract incl	REMARKS  4) This is a systems contract for construction, acquisition and installation of equipment and disposal operations at Pine Bluff. Procurement funded items under this contract include acquisition of non-standard equipment items and installation of all process equipment.	ction, acquisitio landard equipm	n and installation of equ ent items and installatior	ipment and of all proce	disposal oper	ations at Pine t.	Bluff. Procur	rement funde	ed items	under
5) There are no	5) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	for FY 1997.								
		P-1 SHOPPIN	PPING LIST			CLICAN COM	200	Page 2	of 2	Pages
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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	ROL SYMBOL									
DD-COMP(AR) 1092	92	BUDGE	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	TORY AND	PLANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION	APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NC	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/B	Procurement/Budget Activity 2			Chemical	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment	on Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Pueblo Chemical / Process Design 1)	IA									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Raiph M. Parsons Company	A/E/CPFF	USAEDH	Jul 86	N/A	N/A	1,793 500 1,800		•	
Equipment Acq Equipment Inst	Equipment Acquisition and Installation Equipment Installation Contract Annex G (Major Process Equipment) 2)	(Major Process	Equipment ) 2)							
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Raytheon Engrs Construction	C/Option	USAEDH	Sep 84	N/A	N/A	0 11,100 28,700		,	
Equipment Acq	Equipment Acquisition Contract 3)									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Bechtel National Inc.	C/CPFF/FFP	иѕАЕDН	Nov 88	N/A	A/X	125 10,200 30,800			
DEMADIVE										

REMARKS

1) The FY 1997 funds are required for Phase I, Request for Proposal (RFP) support and the establishment of Phase II support to the systems contractor.

2) The FY 1997 funds are budgeted for liquid incinerator, metal parts furnace, pollution abatement system components, control system, pick and place machine, slag removal system, and spare parts.

3) For FY 1997, funds are budgeted for rocket shear machine, tipping valve, blast valves, projectile/mortar disassembly machine, multi-purpose demil machine, fire gates, hydraulic modules, container handling facility equipment, valves, instruments, dryers, evaporators, brine reduction area pollution abatement system, uninterrupted power supply, pumps, agent filters, cooling water system, blast door and gates, munition conveyors, vehicles, and spare parts.

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DD-COMP(AR) 1092		BUDGET	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	<b>FORY AND</b>	PLANNING E	:XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY	ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	ivity 2			Chemical [	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment	n Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ CON	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal Facility   Construction, Equipment and Operations Contract 4)	Disposal Facility and Operations	Contract 4)								
FY 1995 Unknown FY 1996	٩	C/CPAF/FFP	USAIOC	Apr 97	N/A	N/A	00			
FY 1997							24,700			
Depot Support 5)										
FY 1995 FY 1996							3,500			
)66 							0			
Total										
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997							5,418 21,800 86,000			
1										
REMARKS  4) This is a systems contract for construction, acquisition and installation of equipment, and disposal operations at Pueblo. Procurement funded items under this contract include acquisition of non-standard equipment items and installation of all process equipment.	itract for construction of non-standa	tion, acquisition ird equipment ite	and installation of equi	ipment, and	disposal oper quipment.	rations at Pueb	olo. Procuren	nent funded	items un	der this
5) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	ed requirements f	or FY 1997.								
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	a LIST			ON ON	0	Page 2	of 2	Pages
	ITEM NO		PAGENO	37		ONCLAS	oirie U	EX	EXHIBIT P-5A	5A

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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	OL SYMBOL	RUDGE	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	TORY AND	PL ANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION /	APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	dget Activity 2			Chemical I	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment	n Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Blue Grass Chemi Process Design 1)	181	illity								
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Ralph M. Parsons Company	A/E/CPFF	USAEDH	Jul 86	N/A	W/N	0 400 300			
Equipment Acq Equipment Insta	Equipment Acquisition and Installation Equipment Installation Contract Annex G (Major Process Equipment ) 2)	(Major Process	: Equipment ) 2)							
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Raytheon Engrs Construction	C/Option	USAEDH	Sep 84	N/A	N/A	0 9,400			
Equipment Acq	Equipment Acquisition Contract 3)									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	Bechtel National Inc.	C/CPFF/FFP	USAEDH	Nov 88	N/A	K/X	125 0 3,000			
REMARKS 1) Budgeted re	REMARKS  1) Budgeted requirements for FY 1997 are for Phase I Request for Proposal (RFP) support and continued Phase I design updates.	re for Phase I F	equest for Proposal (RF	P) support	and continued	Phase I desig	n updates.			
2) The FY 199 3) The FY 199	<ol> <li>The FY 1997 funds are budgeted for procurement of the deactivation furnace system and spare parts.</li> <li>The FY 1997 funds are budgeted for procurement of charge cars.</li> </ol>	procurement of procurement of	the deactivation furnace charge cars.	system and	spare parts.					
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	GLIST			UNCLASSIFIED	IFIED	Page 1	of 2	Pages
	ITEM NO		PAGENO	38		1		EX	EXHIBIT P-5A	PA SA

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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	L SYMBOL									
DD-COMP(AR) 1092		BUDGE	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	ORY AND	<b>PLANNING</b>	EXHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY	UDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	get Activity 2			Chemical	Demilitarizatic	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Blue Grass Chem Construction, Equ	Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facility Construction, Equipment and Operations Contract 4)	ility Contract 4)								
FY 1995 FY 1996					N/A	N/A	00			
PY 1997 Depot Support 5)		·					0	-		
FY 1995										
FY 1996 FY 1997							000			
Total										
FY 1995 FY 1996							125 400			
FY 1997				·			12,700			
REMARKS 4) There are no t	REMARKS 4) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	or FY 1997.								
5) There are no t	5) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	or FY 1997.								
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	GLIST			0.04		Page 2	of 2	Pages
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REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL	LSYMBOL	BUDGE	BUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	ORY AND	PLANNINGE	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY	UDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	get Activity 2			Chemical [	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment	n Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Aberdeen Chemics Process Design 1)	<u></u>									
FY 1995 C FY 1996 C FY 1997	Ralph M. Parsons Company	A/E/CPFF	USAEDH	Jul 86	N/A	N/A	558 500 500			
Equipment Acqui	Equipment Acquisition and Installation Equipment Installation Contract Annex G (Major Process Equipment ) 2)	(Major Process	Equipment ) 2)							
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997					N/A	N/A	000			
Equipment Acquisition Contract 3)	sition Contract 3)									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997					N/A	N/A	000			
REMARKS 1) The FY 1997	funds are for the technic	al support to th	REMARKS 1) The FY 1997 funds are for the technical support to the systems contract Request for Proposal (RFP) process and additional Phase I process design efforts.	est for Pro	posal (RFP) p	rocess and ad	ditional Phas	e I process	design ef	forts.
2) There are no l	2) There are no budgeted requirements for FY	or FY 1997.								
3) There are no l	3) There are no budgeted requirements for FY	or FY 1997.								
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	GLIST					Page 1	of 2	Pages
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	ON MINISTER									

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APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2			Chemical [	<b>Jemilitarizati</b> c	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Equipr									
FY 1995				N/A	N/A				
FY 1996 FY 1997						0 0			
Depot Support 5)									
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997						000			
Total									
FY 1995 FY 1996 EV 1997						558 500 500			
						8			
REMARKS 4) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	for FY 1997.								
5) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	for FY 1997.								
	P-1 SHOPPING LIST	IGLIST			CHISTORY CONTRACTORY	SICIED	Page 2	of 2	Pages
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DD-COMP(AR) 1092		BUDGE	<b>SUDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT</b>	ORY AND	PLANNING E	XHIBIT		DATE		Mar-96
APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY	<b>~</b>			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					
Procurement/Budget Activity 2				Chemical [	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment	n Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ CONTRACTOR FISCAL YEAR AND LOCATION	STOR	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAILABLE
Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Facility Process Design 1)	sal Facility									
FY 1995 Ralph M. Parsons FY 1996 Company FY 1997	suo	A/E/CPFF	USAEDH	Jul 86	N/A	Z/A	500			
Equipment Acquisition and Installation Equipment Installation Contract Annex G (Major	allation t Annex G	Major Process	Process Equipment ) 2)							
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997					N/A	N/A	000			
Equipment Acquisition Contract 3)	(13)						•			<del></del>
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	***				N/A	N/A	000	•		
HEMARKS 1) Funding for FY 1997 is for the Phase I design	he Phase I		package to be used in the systems contract Request for Proposal.	ms contract	Request for	Proposal.				
2) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	irements fo	or FY 1997.								· · · · · ·
3) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1	irements fo	or FY 1997.								
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	GLIST			UNCLASSIFIED	IFIED	Page 1	of 5	Pages
	ITEM NO		PAGENO	42			1	EX	EXHIBIT P-5A	5A

REPORTS CONTROL SYMBOL DD-COMP(AR) 1092	L SYMBOL	BUDGE	UNCLASSIFIED UNCLASSIFIED UDGET PROCUREMENT HISTORY AND PLANNING EXHIBIT	UNCLASSIFIED	DI ANNING E	XHIRIT		HIVO		Mar.06
APPROPRIATION /BUDGET ACTIVITY	UDGET ACTIVITY			P-1 ITEM NO	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE					Nai-30
Procurement/Budget Activity 2	lget Activity 2			Chemical [	Oemilitarizatic	Chemical Demilitarization Equipment				
COST ELEMENT/ FISCAL YEAR	CONTRACTOR AND LOCATION	CONTRACT METHOD & TYPE	CONTRACTED BY	AWARD DATE	DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY	QUANTITY	UNIT	SPECS AVAILABLE NOW	SPEC REV REQ'D	IF YES, WHEN AVAIL ABLE
Newport Chemics Construction, Equ	Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Facility Construction, Equipment and Operations Contract 4)	۷ Contract 4)								
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997					A/A	N/A	000			
Depot Support 5)										
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997							000			
Total										
FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997							500			
									,	
REMARKS 4) There are no t	REMARKS 4) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	for FY 1997.								
5) There are no l	5) There are no budgeted requirements for FY 1997.	for FY 1997.								
		P-1 SHOPPING LIST	GLIST			ON DIVISION DE	NEED	Page 2	of 2	Pages
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(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1997 Estimate \$477,947

FY 1996 Budget \$345,218

FY 1995 Actual \$355,784

#### Purpose and Scope

Preparedness Project (CSEPP). It also provides for the support required for remediation This budget activity provides for the management, technical and operational support required for chemical demilitarization under the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project of other chemical warfare materiel under the Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project (CSDP) and emergency response activities under the Chemical Stockpile Emergency

### Justification of Funds Required

Facility (\$3.2 million); and environmental permit compliance and fees and depot support at for program and integration support including public affairs, safety and quality assurance continuation of Chemical Agent Munitions Disposal System to support the Chemical Stockpile environmental support, pre-systemization activities and depot support at Umatilla Chemical support at Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (\$2.4 million); other environmental activities, logistical support, and quality activities at Aberdeen Chemical Agent Disposal (\$9.4 million); systems contractor project planning and management activities, government disposal operations Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (\$2.3 million). In addition, the budget calls Demilitarization Training Facility (\$5.1 million); continuation of disposal operations Agent Disposal Facility (\$9.5 million) and Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facility activities at Anniston Army Depot (\$20.6 million); construction management, safety and the Tooele Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (\$110.5 million); construction management, Disposal Facility (\$14.3 million); environmental permit compliance and fees and depot Disposal Project (\$25.7 million); continuation of training activities at the Chemical project management field offices, and base support services at Pueblo Chemical Agent (\$11.5 million); program management for the Chemical Demilitarization and Chemical environmental support, training, pre-systemization activities and reconfiguration Operations financed by this budget activity in FY 1997 include: disposal at the Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System (JACADS) (\$132.3 million);

of Dollars)	\$477,947	\$345,218	\$355,784
Thousands	Estimate	Budget	Actual
(In	1997	1996	1995
	FY	Ŧ	FY

activities (\$1.6 million); enhancement of the Public Outreach Program, Risk Analysis and Stockpile Disposal Project (\$18.3 million); Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel requirements environmental and engineering services (\$15.4 million); carbon filters systemization for destroying chemical-warfare related materiel (\$30.9 million); program oversight, personnel at the state and local levels of government and at the chemical stockpile Stockpile Surveillance (\$4.2 million) and continued support of emergency response storage installations (\$60.7 million).

### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE BUDGET ACTIVITY 3:

### Funded Financial Summary (In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1997

FY 1996

FY 1995

Program Manager for Cml DemilProgram Management	Actual 5,668	Budget 6,400	Estimate 7,900
o d	14	204	0,40
ngineering Svcs al System (JACADS)	48	30	30
in a	1,70 4,10	4,40 4,10	25,70 5,10
. <del> </del>	92,929	52,100 17,600	110,500
1 C I	120	900	40,40
בין בין בין	$\omega \propto 2$	900	400
1115y  ity  ity	54	00	300
	700	000	1,600
Stockpile surveillance) Subtotal Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project	7,997	5,800 <b>271,618</b>	4,200 <b>386,347</b>
tockpile Emergency Preparedness Project Management	95	2,06	2,0
Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness ProjectMission Subtotal Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project	53,259 <b>54,213</b>	55,735 <b>57,800</b>	58, 670 <b>60,700</b>
Non-Stockpile Chemical MaterielProgram Management Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Mission Subtatal Mon-Stockpile Chemical Material Design	1,579 9,750	2,900 12,900	3,300
TOTAL	355,784	345,218	477,947

#### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required

This area provides for total management of the demilitarization and disposal of the U.S. stockpile. In addition, this activity provides the programmatic direction and matrix Program Manager for Chemical Demilitarization (PM Cml Demil) -- Program Management: support required by the three project managers who execute the program. The FY 1997 budget request of \$7.9 million includes \$4.9 million for 42 workyears of contractual services such as training, materials and supplies, equipment and rentals. labor, awards, overtime, and summer hire program; \$1.4 million for base support; and \$1.6 million for other support costs which includes travel, transportation, and

development, and acquisition of equipment and facilities, on-site movement of chemical Management includes implementation and execution, as well as management of the design, munitions and agents for disposal, demilitarization operations, disposal of waste Project Manager for Chemical Stockpile Disposal (PMCSD) -- Program Management: products, post operational cleanup activities, and plant operations. The FY 1997 budget request of \$10.4 million includes \$8.1 million for 39 workyears of labor, awards, overtime and summer hire program; \$0.5 million for base support; and \$1.8 million for other support costs which includes travel, transportation and contractual services such as training, materials and supplies, equipment and rentals.

Program and Integration Support: The FY 1997 budget request of \$11.5 million includes \$0.6 million for safety; \$1.6 million for quality functions; and \$9.3 million for program integration and public affairs initiatives such as videos, newsletters, publicity and

The main activities included are single demilitarization site and are associated with government performers or contractors activities include those costs which are not directly or economically attributable to a Program Oversight, Environmental and Engineering Services: These programmatic support other than the Program and Integration Support Contract.

#### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required (Continued)

program oversight by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and the National Academy of Sciences (NAS); preparation of environmental impact statements by Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL); acquisition of substitute munitions for use in equipment prove-out, preoperational test and training exercises; administrative and technical support to include design and other programmatic costs of the program.

documentation; \$5.7 million for contracting support from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division, the U.S. Army Industrial Operations Command (IOC), and the U.S. Army services in support of design; \$1.0 million for National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) The FY 1997 budget request of \$15.4 million includes \$2.6 million for engineering Chemical and Biological Defense Command (CBDCOM); \$1.2 million for programmatic engineering studies; \$0.7 million for data management; \$2.6 million for substitute munitions; \$0.9 million for program oversight and agent monitoring; \$0.5 million for solicitation evaluation support; and \$0.2 million for demilitarization support.

Johnston Atoll Chemical Agent Disposal System (JACADS): This item includes all funding Johnston Atoll. Full-scale demilitarization operations were initiated in January 1994, after the successful completion of operational verification testing, and will continue required to operate and maintain the chemical demilitarization facility located on through first quarter FY00.

\$2.7 million for other contractor operational management and evaluation support; and \$0.9 million; \$5.1 million for potential award fee; \$22.7 million for base support activities; consisting of \$81.4 million for 587 workyears of labor and other support costs of \$19.5 The FY 1997 budget request of \$132.3 million includes operating contractor efforts million for environmental support for projects/studies.

#### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required

(Continued)

and Recovery Act (RCRA) and Research, Development and Demonstration (RDD) permit. Closure dispose of the entire chemical stockpile, will continue to support the Chemical Stockpile Disposal Project. The CAMDS facility is currently operated under a Resource Conservation whether the facility is used for pilot testing of alternative technologies. This closure This prototype facility, designed to demonstrate and evaluate demilitarization processes and equipment which will be used to A decision on the future use of CAMDS will be (i.e. decontamination of the facility) is required by the existing permit regardless Chemical Agent Munitions Disposal System (CAMDS): activity is scheduled to occur in 1998. made by the fall of calendar year 1996.

\$9.3 million for other support costs which includes materials/supplies, awards, travel, training, and contracts; \$5.1 million for base support; \$0.5 million for other government agency support; and \$0.4 million for environmental support. Lewisite agent and efforts leading to closure of this facility. The FY 1997 budget request includes \$10.4 million for 187 workyears of labor for the CAMDS work force and The FY 1997 budget request of \$25.7 million is required for the neutralization of

training facility, which was completed in June 1991, has been and will continue to be used disposal facilities and Russian interns on chemical warfare disposal. The International Demilitarization Training Facility was constructed by General Physics Corporation of Columbia, Maryland, at the Edgewood Area of Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. This Corporation an IACET "Certified Provider" for its CDTF courses. The principal cost to train both government and contractor personnel for all eight chemical stockpile element of this project is the cost of training contractor instructors and support Association for Continuing Education and Training (IACET) named General Physics Chemical Demilitarization Training Facility (CDTF): The one-of-a-kind Chemical personnel to maintain the training facility.

#### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required (Continued)

The FY 1997 budget request of \$5.1 million includes \$4.7 million for 46 workyears for systems contractor efforts consisting of project controls, training operations and preparations; and \$0.4 million for base support.

support; and \$2.3 million for environmental permits and fees and the cooperative agreement \$18.5 million for general base support activities, utilities and munitions movement labor Program and Integration Support Contract services which provides field office and general (64 workyears); \$3.6 million for contract administrative services, safety support, \$110.5 million includes systems contractor efforts during operations consisting of \$42.7 million for 602 workyears of labor and other support costs of \$43.4 million; The FY 1997 budget request of Tooele Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (TOCDF): State of Utah.

8 workyears for engineering analyses, studies and testing in support of pre-systemization activities and other support costs of \$4.2 million; \$11.0 million for base support \$20.6 million includes \$5.2 million for contractor efforts consisting of \$1.0 million for activities which includes manpower requirements for reconfiguration and depot support administrative services and Program and Integration Support Contract services; and The FY 1997 budget request of \$1.4 million for environmental support which includes permit compliance and fees. (134 workyears); \$3.0 million for contractor support which includes contract Anniston Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (ANCDF):

activities; \$3.0 million for contractor support which includes contract administrative services, Program and Integration Support Contract services and systems engineering \$9.5 million includes \$4.5 million for systems contractor efforts consisting of pre-systemization efforts, training, and other costs; \$0.6 million for base support Umatilla Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (UMCDF): The FY 1997 budget request of functions; and \$1.4 million for environmental activities.

### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required

(Continued)

activities; \$0.1 million for contractor support which includes data management; and Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (PBCDF): The FY 1997 budget request of pre-systemization and training activities; \$1.1 million for general base support \$9.4 million includes \$3.9 million for systems contractor efforts consisting of \$4.3 million for environmental support and fees.

Program and Integration Support, and contract administrative services; \$9.4 million for reconfiguration support (29 workyears) and general depot support; and \$2.3 million for Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (PUCDF): The FY 1997 budget request of \$14.3 million includes \$2.6 million for initial systems contractor training efforts, environmental support for fees and soil baseline samples.

The FY 1997 budget request of \$2.4 million includes \$0.3 million for general depot support and \$2.1 million for environmental support which incudes permit compliance, fees and reports. Blue Grass Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (BGCDF):

activities; and \$2.9 million for environmental support which includes permit compliance, \$3.2 million includes \$0.1 million for general base support; \$0.2 million for quality The FY 1997 budget request of Aberdeen Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (ABCDF): fees and reports.

Newport Chemical Agent Disposal Facility (NECDF): The FY 1997 budget request of \$2.3 million includes \$0.7 million for general base support and \$1.6 million for environmental support which incudes permit compliance and fees.

### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE BUDGET ACTIVITY 3:

#### Justification of Funds Required Department of Defense

(Continued)

# Chemical Stockpile Disposal Program Enhancements:

The FY 1997 budget request of \$1.6 million is for development studies for modified carbon filtration system based on the results of modeling and Carbon Filtration System: simulation. Other: The FY 1997 budget request of \$4.2 million includes \$2.2 million for enhancement of the Public Outreach Program and \$2.0 million for surveillance of the chemical stockpile.

1997 budget request of \$2.0 million includes \$1.5 million for 3 workyears of labor, awards and overtime; \$0.2 million for travel and transportation; and \$0.3 million for contractual Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project (CSEPP) -- Program Management: The FY services to include training, materials, and supplies.

request of \$58.7 million includes continued support of emergency response personnel at the and state and local levels of government and at the chemical stockpile storage installations consisting of \$30.9 million for continuation of state emergency preparedness programs by The FY 1997 budget emergency operations centers; operation, testing, and maintenance of agent monitoring the Federal Emergency Management Agency and \$27.8 million for continuation of 24-hour decontamination equipment and operation testing, and maintenance of warning, communication, and automated data processing systems for the stockpile installations. Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Project (CSEPP) -- Mission:

#### Department of Defense Justification of Funds Required

(Continued)

request of \$3.3 million includes \$2.4 million for 17 workyears of labor, awards, overtime, and summer hire program; \$0.4 million for travel; and \$0.5 million for contractual effort, The FY 1997 budget Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project (NSCMP) -- Program Management: materials and supplies, and base operation support costs.

Non-Stockpile Chemical Materiel Project (NSCMP) -- Mission: The FY 1997 budget request of \$27.6 million includes \$10.8 million for programmatic oversight/management consisting of support of other government agencies and contractors, training, services in support of materials, empty ton containers, Chemical Identification Sets using the Rapid Response \$5.0 million for the destruction of small quantities of recovered chemical warfare field operations, and facility maintenance and supplies; \$11.8 million for problem definition and design phase for destruction of former production facilities; and System, and chemical agents previously used for research activities.

### MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE

(In Thousands of Dollars)
FY 1997 Estimate \$131,621
FY 1996 Budget \$13,000
FY 1995 Actual \$24,000

#### Purpose and Scope

construction of full-scale chemical disposal facilities and associated projects to upgrade The Military Construction, Defense-Wide appropriation provides funding for design and appropriation in order to provide a clear, non-fragmented accounting of the requirements Demilitarization Program. This document provides requirements for the construction of installation support facilities and infrastructures required to support the Chemical chemical disposal facilities budgeted in the Military Construction, Defense-Wide necessary to meet the Congressional mandate.

### Justification of Funds Required

The costs for facilities construction for each chemical disposal plant to be built supporting activities in order to complete the Chemical Demilitarization Program as are based on site-specific design criteria and depot infrastructure requirements. Included in these requirements are planning, acquisition, construction and other scheduled.

### MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE

### Funded Financial Summary (In Thousands of Dollars)

and 1997 funding levels to support the following facilities and depot support are shown below: 1996, In FY 1995,

Location/Facilities/Support Facilities Construction	FY 1995 Actual	FY 1996 Budget	FY 1997 Estimate
Facility, Phase V	5,000		
UT, Tooele Chemical Agent Disposal			
Facility	4,000		
OR, Umatilla Chemical Agent Disposal			
Facility, Phases I and II	12,000		64,000
AR, Pine Bluff Chemical Agent Disposal			
Facility, Phases I and II	3,000		46,000
CO, Pueblo Chemical Agent Disposal			
Facility, Phase I			17,497
Total Construction	24,000		127,497
Planning and Design (Various Locations):		13,000	4,124
TOTAL	24,000	13,000	131,621

These military construction requirements are not a part of the Chemical Agent and Munitions Destruction, Defense (CAMD, D) appropriation, but are essential to the Chemical Without these resources, the program cannot be executed as Demilitarization Program. shown in this document. NOTE: